#### Columbia/Snake River Mainstem TMDL

Columbia/Snake TMDL Workshops

**U.S. Environmental Protection Agency** 

March 25 and 26, 2002

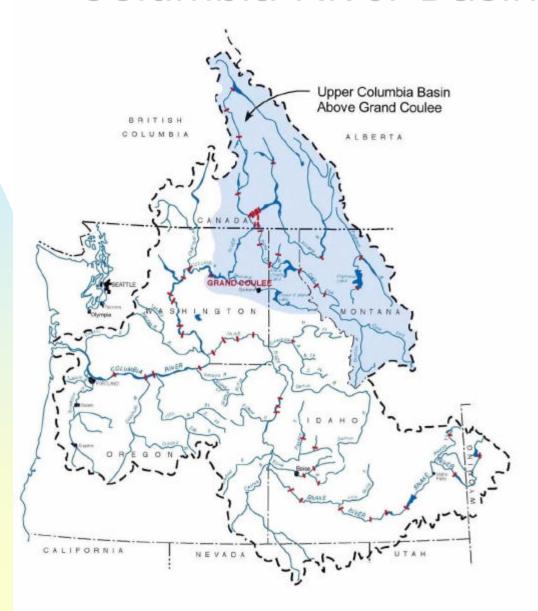
Vancouver, Washington

Toppenish, Washington





# Columbia River Basin



#### Columbia River

- 4th largest river in U.S.
- 18th largest river in the world
- Includes Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana,
  British Columbia, Nevada, and Wyoming
- Historical, cultural, and spiritual importance to Indian people
- → 150 years of development



# Major Issues

- ESA and CWA 303(d) listings
- Complex players and processes
- Continued disagreement on direction
- Funding is a challenge
- CWA/ESA integration challenge
- Transboundary issues



# Major Players

- Federal Action Agencies
  - BPA, Corps, Bureau of Reclamation
- Federal Regulatory Agencies
  - □ NMFS< USFWS< EPA
- Other: NRCS, Forest Service, BLM, BIA, FERC
- Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Montana
- 13 Tribes
- ONPPC, Industry, PUDs, Alaska, Canada



#### TMDLs under this effort

- Columbia/Snake River Mainstem
  Temperature TMDL
- Lower Columbia River Total Dissolved Gas TMDL
- Columbia Snake River Total Dissolved Gas TMDL



#### Other Related Activities

- Endangered Species Act
- 2000 Federal Columbia River Power System Biological Opinion
  - Water Quality Reasonable and Prudent Alternatives
  - Appendix B called for development of a Water Quality Plan



# Clean Water Act Requires . . .

As enacted in 1972, section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act requires States to:

- Identify waters not meeting State water quality standards – 303(d) list
- Set priorities for TMDL development
- Develop a TMDL for each pollutant for each listed water

EPA to approve or disapprove State submissions, and if disapproved, to act in lieu of State

#### What is a TMDL?

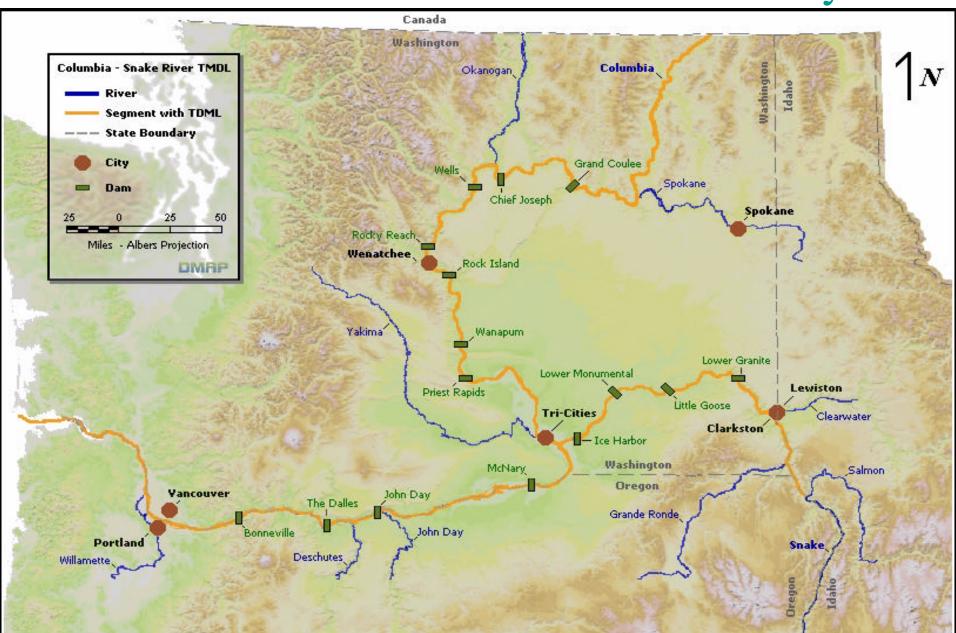
- The amount of a pollutant that a waterbody can receive and still meet water quality standards.
- The sum of allowable loads from point and nonpoint sources, considering seasonal variation and a margin of safety.
- Determines sources of pollutants causing or contributing to impairment.
- Allocates responsibility for reductions needed to achieve water quality standards.



# Geographic Scope

- Columbia River from the Canadian border (RM 745.0) to the Pacific Ocean.
- O Snake River from it's confluence with the Salmon River (RM 188) to it's confluence with the Columbia River (Columbia RM 324.3).

#### Columbia Mainstem TMDL Boundary



# What is the technical process?

- Define the numerical targets for the TMDL.
- Characterize existing conditions.
- Identify sources and evaluate linkages between sources and temperature/dissolved gas response of the river.
- Quantify loading capacity.
- Allocate loads.



# State and Tribal Agencies with a CWA role in the Project Area

- States
  - Idaho Department of Environmental Quality
  - Oregon Department of Environmental Quality
  - Washington Department of Ecology

#### **Tribes**

- Colville Confederated Tribes (EPA promulgated standards)
- Spokane Tribe of Indians (tribal approved standards)
- Other Columbia Basin Tribes federal trust responsibility



# Columbia/Snake River 303(d) Listings for Temperature

- Ocean along the Washington/Oregon border is currently listed as water quality impaired for temperature on both the Washington and Oregon 303(d) Lists.
- O Snake River from it's confluence with the Salmon River to it's confluence with the Columbia River is listed as water-quality impaired for temperature on the Washington, Idaho and/or Oregon 303(d) Lists.

# Columbia/Snake River 303(d) Listings for Temperature (cont)

- The Columbia River RM 309.3 to RM 745.0 from Chief Joseph Dam to the Canadian Border is listed as water-quality impaired for temperature by the State of Washington.
- O In Washington, 29 segments of the Snake and Columbia Rivers are on the 303(d) list

# Columbia/Snake River 303(d) Listings for Dissolved Gas

- O Columbia River RM 0 to RM 309.3 from the Pacific Ocean along the Washington/Oregon border is currently listed as water quality impaired for dissolved gas on both the Washington and Oregon 303(d) Lists.
- Snake River in Oregon and is listed as waterquality impaired for dissolved gas on both the Washington and/or Oregon 303(d) Lists.

# Columbia/Snake River 303(d) Listings for Dissolved Gas (cont.)

The Columbia River from the confluence with the Snake to the Canadian Border is listed as water-quality impaired for dissolved gas by the State of Washington.

# Roles of Key Players

- Oregon and Washington developing dissolved gas
  TMDL for Lower Columbia 2/2002
- Washington developing dissolved gas TMDL for Mid-Columbia and Lower Snake TMDL - 12/2002
- EPA is taking technical lead on temperature TMDL expected to be completed 12/2002
- EPA developing dissolved gas TMDL for portions within tribal waters
- **EPA in lead to work with tribes**



### **Key Actions**

- Oregon and Washington developing and issuing dissolved gas TMDL for Lower Columbia with EPA approval/disapproval - Spring 2002
- Washington developing and issuing TDG TMDL for Lower Snake with EPA approval/disapproval -12/2002
- EPA taking technical lead on temperature TMDL and issuing temperature TMDL for Oregon and Washington waters 12/2002
- Idaho issuing temperature TMDL and EPA approval/disapproval 12/2002



#### **Key Actions**

- Washington and EPA developing dissolved gas TMDL for Mid-Columbia and Lake Roosevelt. EPA issuing for tribal waters. Washington issuing for state waters and EPA approval/disapproval - 12/2002
- EPA responsible for tribal consultation and coordination



#### Consultation and Coordination with Columbia Basin Tribes

- July 2001 Letter to Tribal Chairs committing to tribal consultation and coordination process and providing an update on process
- Grant to National Fish and Wildlife Foundation to develop and implement tribal consultation and coordination
  - September Meeting/CRITFC
  - Mid/Upper Columbia meeting 2002
  - Other meetings
- **February 2002 letter to Tribal Chairs notifying them of** the opportunity to consult



#### Lake Roosevelt TDG TMDL

- "Tribal waters" require EPA to develop this effort
- O Build upon temperature modeling efforts
- Washington Ecology committed to coordinate with the Tribes
- Spokane and Colville are key held discussions in November 2001, and January 2002
- Met with Bureau at Grand Coulee November 5/6, 2001
- Coordinate with Transboundary Gas Group



#### **Coordination Efforts**

- EPA/State/Tribal Team meeting on a monthly basis to address technical, policy and outreach issues
- Tribal staff participation is key to TMDL development
- Western Governors' Association has helped facilitate interstate coordination.



#### **Outreach Efforts**

- Pre-decisional informational meetings are planned to share information as TMDLs are developed
- July Workshops (Spokane, WA and Portland, OR)
- October Workshops (Lewiston, ID and Pasco, WA)
- March 18-22 Public hearings Lower Columbia TDG TMDL
- March 25 Vancouver, WA
- March 26 Toppenish, WA
- May 1 Draft TMDL issued by EPA and Idaho
- May-July 90 day comment period/formal public hearings
- August-October Respond to comments



#### For more information

- Region 10 Home Page www.epa.gov/r10earth/index.htm
- Columbia/Snake Rivers TMDL Web Page <u>www.epa.gov/r10earth/columbiamainstemtmdl.htm</u>
- Office of Water TMDL Home Page www.epa.gov/OWOW/tmdl/index.html

